## **X-Force Scheduler Application**

X-Force Alarm Scheduler process will be the process which works in background to perform the specific task on specific time. Scheduler application can perform task like Report Generation, Database back up, Database archival, File Transfer/ Copy, Delete files etc.one can also perform manual task for any time duration using Scheduler process.

Scheduler application executes the scheduled tasks from the web application. Scheduler application have the following facility:

- 1. Reports
- 2. Database Backup
- 3. Shrink Database
- 4. Delete Files
- 5. Disk Space Check
- 6. File Transfer
- 7. Notification
- 8. T-SQL

### **Splash Screen**

**Splash Screen**: A splash screen is a graphical control element consisting of a window containing image, a logo, and the current version of the software.

Splash screen typically used for notify the user that the program is in the process of loading. They provide feedback that a process is underway. Occasionally, progress bar within the splash screen indicates the loading progress. A splash screen disappears when the application's main windows appears.

Splash screen progress bar percentage wise list of application processes are as below.

- 10% It will check that application directory having sufficient privilege or not. Application will close with "You have not sufficient privilege to directory." Message if application doesn't have sufficient.
- 20% It will check that application having valid license or not, if application not having valid license then application will close with "License file does not exist. Please contact SSM InfoTech Solutions Pvt. Ltd. to get the valid license." Message.
- 40% It will create one XML file with name xmlConnectivityFile.xml for database connectivity information. If user has stores this information previously than it will not ask again for connection properties.
- 50% It will check application's version. If version is not correct than it will display a dialouge box for wrong version configuration and after click on ok application will exit.
- 60% It will check for server configuration. If it is not done than it will display error message "No Server Configuration Found. Please first do the server configuration from X-Force Alarm Web" and then application will exit. If Last Login date is null than it should set currentdate. Lastlogindate must be smaller than current date otherwise it will display error message "License Validity of this application has expired. Kindly contact SSM Infotech for License Renewal." and application will exit
- 70% It will create one XML file with name ReportGenerationType.XML for report type information (excel/gembox).

• 30%,80%,90% - It is not having any process right now, in future if any feature are added then it will be used for that. Application will start.

### **Pre-Requisite**

Before starting X-Force Scheduler Application, firstly we need necessary things:

- 1) Report Configuration in X-Force Alarm Web Application
- **2)** Give Every One Rights to the folder where X-Force Scheduler application is installed. if user does not give sufficient privilege to the directory then application will exit automatically.
- **3)** User have to Keep License file Named "ssmxforce.lic" in the root folder where application is installed. if there is not license file in the root folder or license file is not valid or expired application should exit automatically.
- 4) If any configuration is saved previously then application should load that configuration

### T-SQL

**TSQL**: If user need any SQL statements needs to be execute on scheduled time than user can use this feature.

Scheduler application will execute T-SQL statements on its schedule time. Its Report Type will be Tquery and block will be given to user for SQL statements while configured in web as described in Screenshot. PFA for example.

### **Database related Operations**

Database will undergoes for Database Detach, Database Shrink, Database Backup for scheduled time.

PFA.

Database Detech: Detech database from the SQL server. We are writing SQL script for deteching database in TSQL. It will execute on scheduled time and detech database from SQL server.

Shrink Database: It will Shrink Database size on scheudled time

Database Backup: It will take backup of database as per scheudled time.

### **Delete Files**

User can prepare deletion schedule for log & capture files
User can provide frequency for executing this schedule, and according to frequency files will be deleted.

# **X-Force Reports**

We are providing reports for detailed analysis of alarm Events occurrence. This analyses provide in depth detail for the different parameters of the alarm events. Some analyses may not be available for some DCS systems.

Here we are having 12 standard reports:

- -Chattering Alarm Analysis Report
- -Consequential Alarm Analysis Report
- -Duplicate Alarm Analysis Report
- -Flood Alarm Analysis Report

- -Frequent Alarm Analysis Report
- -History Alarm Analysis Report
- -KPI Report
- -Operator Action Report
- -Stale Alarm Analysis Report
- -Standing Alarm Analysis Report
- -System Alarm Analysis Report
- -Time in Alarm Report
- -Time to Acknowledge Report

All reports will be configured in X-Force Alarm Web application.

We can generate a report in different types : Excel, Gembox, CSV, PDF, HTM, MHT

#### Difference between excel and Gembox:

If Microsoft Excel is configured on your system then you can generate a reprot in excel format file. If you are not having excel configured on your system then you can generate gembox report format that will create file with excel format.

For using gembox you just need to append \_GemBox at the end of file name. You can find it in attechment.

#### By default, it will take GEMbox option if is not configured.

Please find document for Report command in Report Format.

Name	Date modified	Туре	Size
🗎 Age of Oldest Alarm Report	10-09-2019 12:51	Microsoft Excel W	15 KB
🚮 Age of Oldest Alarm Report_GemBox	10-09-2019 12:51	Microsoft Excel W	15 KB
🚹 Alarm By Type Report	10-09-2019 12:51	Microsoft Excel W	14 KB
🚹 Alarm By Type Report_GemBox	10-09-2019 12:51	Microsoft Excel W	14 KB
🚹 Alarm By Unit Report	10-09-2019 12:51	Microsoft Excel W	13 KB
🚮 Alarm By Unit Report_GemBox	10-09-2019 12:51	Microsoft Excel W	13 KB
🚹 Alarm Per Time Period	10-09-2019 12:51	Microsoft Excel W	17 KB
🚹 Alarm Per Time Period_GemBox	10-09-2019 12:51	Microsoft Excel W	17 KB
1 alarm priority changes	10-09-2019 12:51	Microsoft Excel W	15 KB
Alarm Set By Priority Report	10-09-2019 12:51	Microsoft Excel W	13 KB

# **Chattering Alarm**

**Chattering Alarm :** The Chattering Alarm analysis identifies entities that generate a burst of alarm activity that cycles in and out of alarm very rapidly.

Basically, if more than 3 pair of alarms generate in a minute than it will call chattering alarm. Usually when some machine is disturbed than it generates these types of alarms in ALM-RTN pair.

PFA.

### Consequential Alarm

**consequential alarm**: A consequential alarm becomes active as a result of another alarm. The Consequential Alarm analysis indicates entities that have gone into an alarm state and other entity/alarm combinations that became active before and after the alarm event

PFA.

It is an alarm that generates in result of any other alarm.

# Duplicate Alarm

**Duplicate Alarm :** The Duplicate Alarms analysis identifies potentially redundant alarms, based on the alarm's context, via the Tagname, Comment.

It will find all duplicate alarms, it can be find using Tagname, AlarmType, MsgType, Unit and Comment's combination.

Basically if any same event occurs 2 or more time then it will be considered as duplicate alarm.

#### Flood Alarm Analysis Report

Flood Alarm: The Alarm Flood analysis summarizes alarm activities during flood periods.

Alarm Flood is the phnomenon of presenting more alarms in a given period of time than a human operator can effectively respond. It specifies the amount of time, alarm system is in a flood condition in a specified time range.

#### Detaol description of Analysis:

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Flood start time	the time at which Alarm events occurrences exceed to the Flood start Count	
Flood Start	the number of alarms at which to begin the flood	
count		
Flood End Time	the time at which Alarm events occurrences drop to the value of Flood End	
	Count	
Flood End	the number of alarms at which to end a flood	
count		
Alarm count	The no of alarm events between the Flood Start time and End time	
Flood Duration	The time (in hours) for which flood Condition remains on system. Time	
	Difference between Flood start Time and End Time.	
Flood Unit	Specifies the duration for flood condition	

## Frequent Alarm Analysis Report

**Frequency analysis**: The **Frequency analysis** reveals important trends in alarm activity by displaying the number of times an alarm event occurred during the given time.it present Alarm Activity as per different Parameters of Alarm Events Behavior. It also display alarm occurrence differently with grouping of particular selected parameter in report.

Frequency analysis report Represents top highest frequency data for the given time duration .i.e. top records = 5 than it will display all tag details which has frequency 5 or less than 5.

### **History Alarm Analysis Report**

**History Alarm Analysis :** The History Alarm Report Present the History of Alarm events for the specified time period with message type ALM. This report will show all the data without any specific filters.

It will display data from vw\_data\_alarm\_field for specified dates.

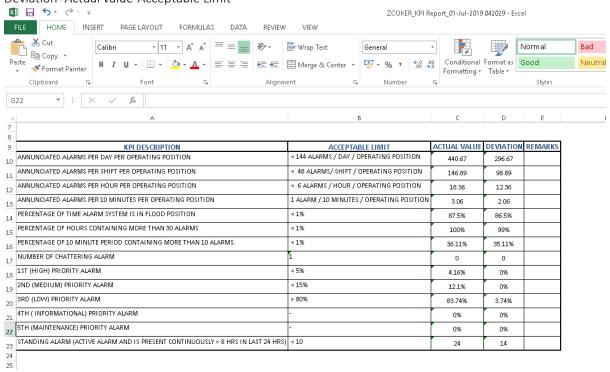
If user needs to verify data of history alarm report than user can fire a query on vw\_data\_alarm\_field for certain eventstamp.

For example: select \* from vw\_data\_alarm\_field where eventstamp between 25-sep-2019 06:00:00 and 26-sep-2019 06:00:00 and MSGTYPE='ALM'

### **KPI Report**

**Key Performance Indicator (KPI)**: The Key Performance Indicator (KPI) summarizes Alarm Activities and display Comparative analysis against the predefined KPI Standards.it present Plant stability in comparison with KPI Standards by displaying different analysis in one Report.

In KPI Report KPIDescription, Acceptable Limit, Actual value, Deviation, Remarks columns are there, Deviation=Actual value-Acceptable Limit



## **Operator Action Report**

The **Operator Action** Report present the list of Alarms which are generated due any action taken by operator for the specified time period.

It has MsgType as **OPR**.

When operator is taking any action on the system than this type of alarm will be generate.

# Stale Alarm Analysis Report

The **Stale Alarms** analysis displays entities that have been in an alarm state for an extended period of time (e.g., longer than a shift) without returning to the normal state.

In this Report, for particular Tagname & Alarmtype, we consider 1st occurrence of ALM time and then find out the return time for the same tag name and alarm type and if alarm to return time is exceed to specified limit (default is 8) then we consider Stale alarm.

If an alarm comes on system having MsgType ALM, then if current time and alarm generated time has difference is greater than 24 hours than it will be considered as a Stale Alarm for 3 months of time period.

## **Standing Alarm Analysis Report**

The **Standing Alarms** analysis displays a list of alarms that sounded within a specified time span but have not returned to normal.

Standing Alarm Report contains only events which are not returned to normal in last 24 hours and event is in the alarm state from 8 hours or greater.

If an alarm comes with MsgType as ALM in last 24 hours, and that alarm is not getting its RTN alarm till 8 hour than it will be considered as standing alarm.

If an alarm is generating at 24-Sep-2019 06:00:00 PM, we are generating this report for 24-sep-2019 06:00:00 AM to 25-sep-2019 06:00:00 AM, it has no RTN till 25-sep-2019 06:00:00 AM, than it will be considered as Standing alarm for those 24 hours.

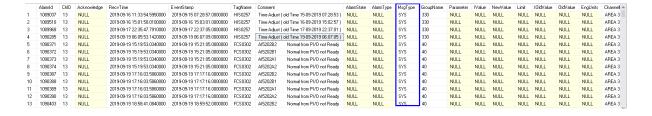
Difference between Alarm generated time and report generated time is more than 8 hours.

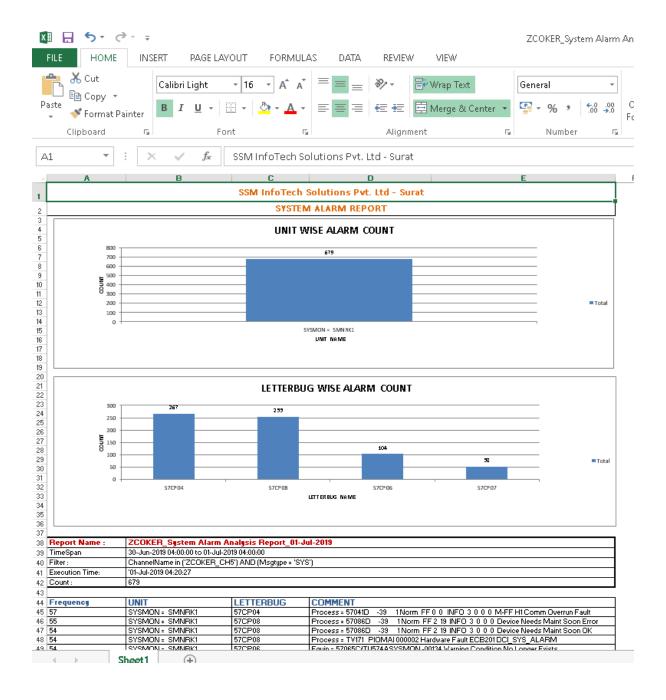
## System Alarm Analysis Report

The System Alarm analysis present the list of Alarms generated due to any system or software failure for the specified time period. In AIMS we have given unique identification to system alarm that is Message Type **SYS.** 

This types of alarm has MsgType as SYS.

User can find system alarm from  $\mbox{\bf SYS}$  msgtype.





# **Time in Alarm Report**

The **Time in Alarm** analysis documents the length of time an entity spends in an alarm state before returning to its normal state.

Time in alarm report contains data which shows alarm return pair so that any user can identify when event goes in to normal state from the alarm state.

It calculates the time for an entity that for how much it is in alarm state before returning to normal state.

This analysis is not the same as the Time to Acknowledge analysis because an alarm event may return to its normal state without the operator's acknowledgement.

In this Report, it displays total ALM & RTN Alarms Paring details for particular TAGNAME & ALARMTYPE.

### Time to Acknowledge Report

The **Time to Acknowledge** analysis indicates the average operator response time to alarm events.

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Time to Ack Report just describes all Alarm to Acknowledge Data with all alarm parameters in given time Duration.

In this Report, it displays total ALM & ACK Alarms Paring details for particular TAGNAME & ALARMTYPE. The analysis results include a list of entities, and for each entity, the associated alarm parameter, accumulated time to acknowledge, number of alarm events, average time to acknowledge per alarm event. The analysis also displays the total number of alarm events and the total number of unique alarm events.

**Note**: This analysis is not available for all systems. This report is only available for the DCS which will provide Acknowledgement Data.

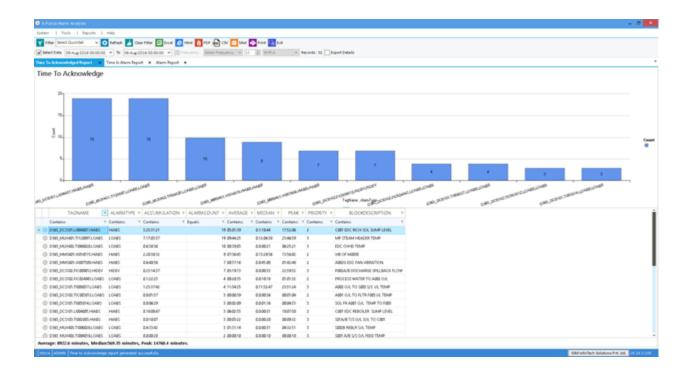
Navigation: Report Menu -> Alarm system Performance -> Time to ACK

To analyze Time to Ack Report: Follow Steps as mention below to do Analysis with Time to Ack Report

- 1) Go to Reports Menu and select Alarm System Performance, in that select Time to Ack and click on it.
- 2) Click on Refresh button from Operation Toolbar.

The analysis results include a list of entities, and for each entity, the associated alarm parameter, accumulated time to acknowledge, number of alarm events, average time to acknowledge per alarm event. The analysis also displays the total number of alarm events and the total number of unique alarm events.

Time to Ack Report just describes all Alarm to Acknowledge Data with all alarm parameters in given time Duration.



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